

## Description

The HSH0026 is the high cell density trenched N-ch MOSFETs, which provide excellent RDSON and gate charge for most of the synchronous buck converter applications.

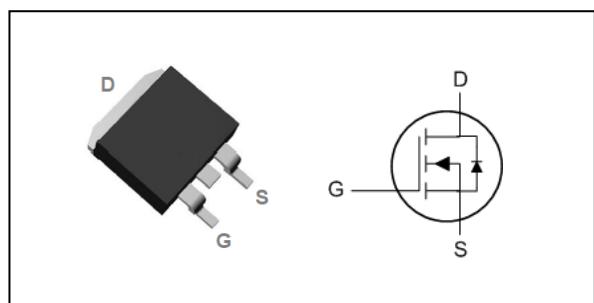
The HSH0026 meet the RoHS and Green Product requirement, 100% EAS guaranteed with full function reliability approved.

- Green Device Available
- Super Low Gate Charge
- Excellent CdV/dt effect decline
- Advanced high cell density Trench technology

## Product Summary

V <sub>DS</sub>	100	V
R <sub>DSON,typ</sub>	16	mΩ
I <sub>D</sub>	50	A

## TO263 Pin Configuration



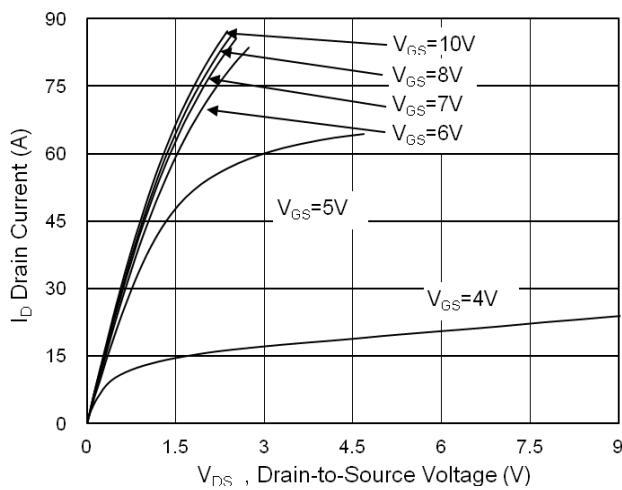
## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Units
V <sub>DS</sub>	Drain-Source Voltage	100	V
V <sub>GS</sub>	Gate-Source Voltage	±20	V
I <sub>D</sub> @T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V <sub>GS</sub> @ 10V <sup>1</sup>	50	A
I <sub>D</sub> @T <sub>A</sub> =70°C	Continuous Drain Current, V <sub>GS</sub> @ 10V <sup>1</sup>	22	A
I <sub>DM</sub>	Pulsed Drain Current <sup>2</sup>	75	A
EAS	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy <sup>3</sup>	780	mJ
I <sub>AS</sub>	Avalanche Current	18	A
P <sub>D</sub> @T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	Total Power Dissipation <sup>4</sup>	62.5	W
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150	°C
T <sub>J</sub>	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150	°C

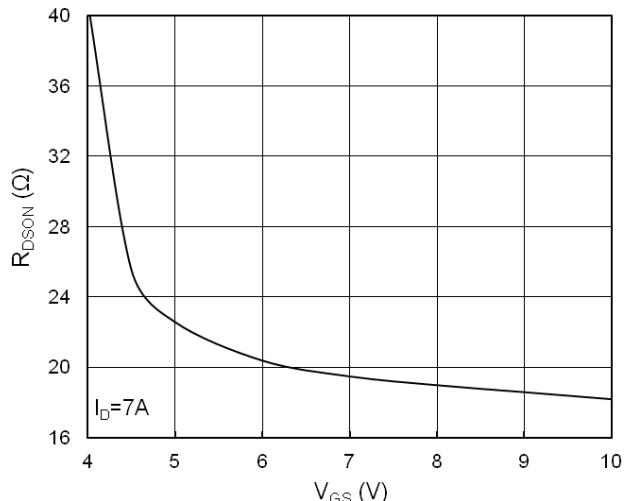
## Thermal Data

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Unit
R <sub>θJA</sub>	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient <sup>1</sup> (t≤10S)	---	50	°C/W
	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient <sup>1</sup> (Steady State)	---	2	°C/W

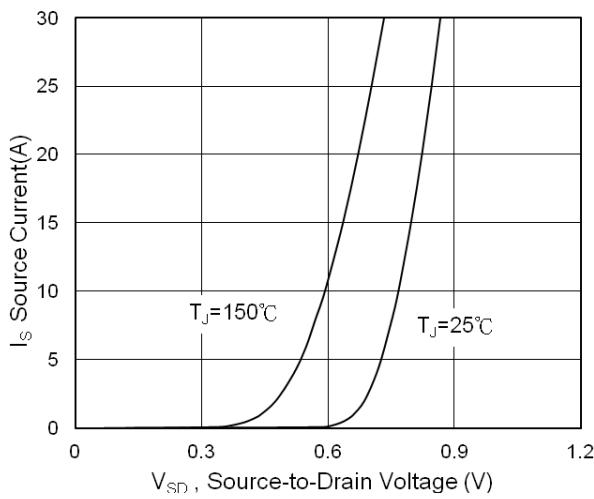




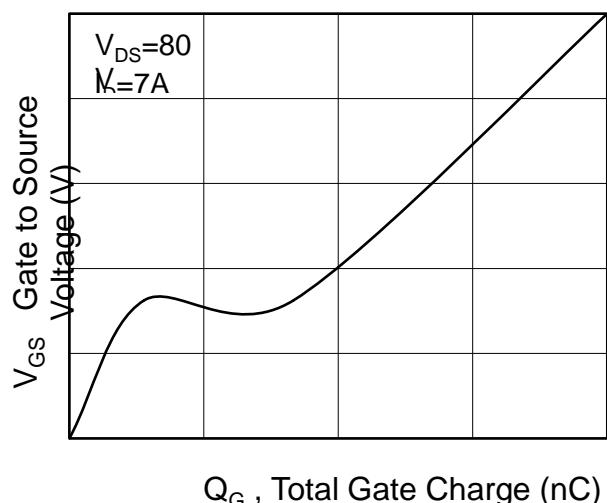
**Fig.1 Typical Output Characteristics**



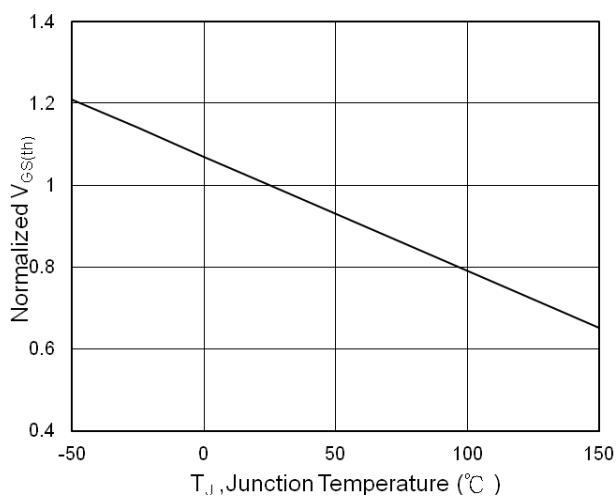
**Fig.2 On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source**



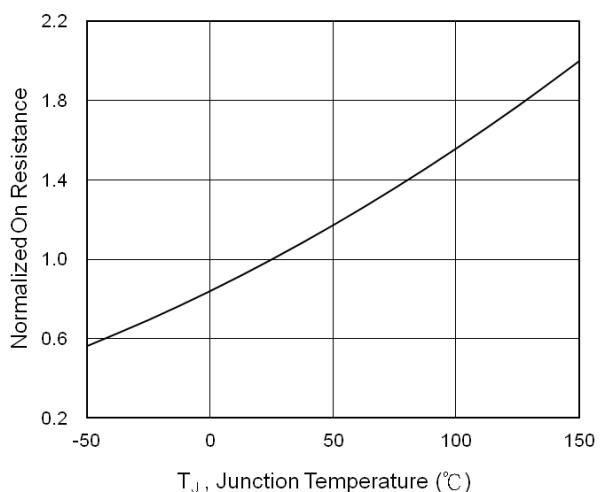
**Fig.3 Forward Characteristics Of Reverse**



**Fig.4 Gate-Charge Characteristics**



**Fig.5 Normalized  $V_{GS(th)}$  vs.  $T_J$**



**Fig.6 Normalized  $R_{DS(on)}$  vs.  $T_J$**

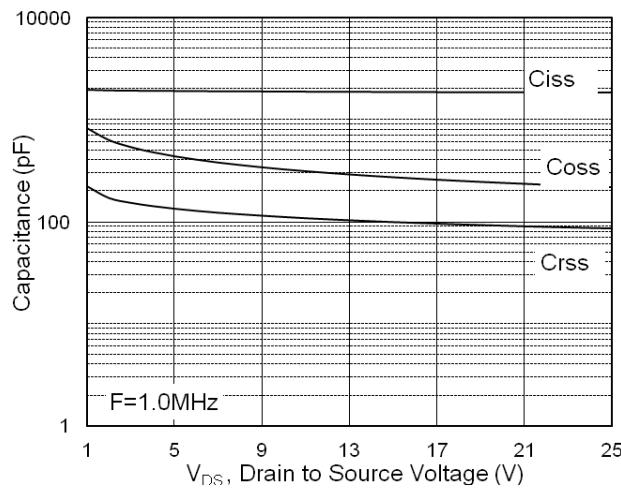


Fig.7 Capacitance

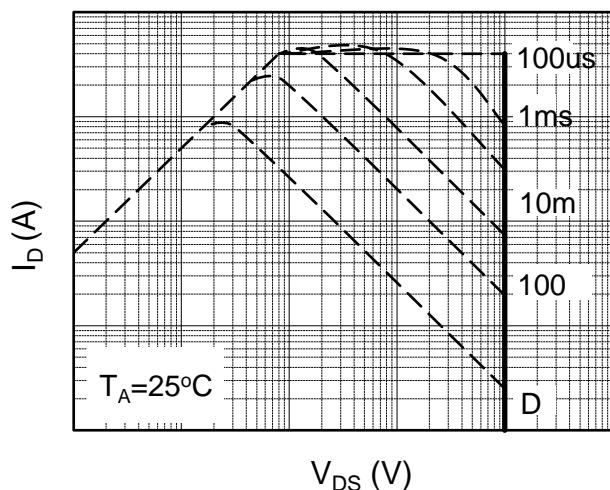


Fig.8 Safe Operating Area

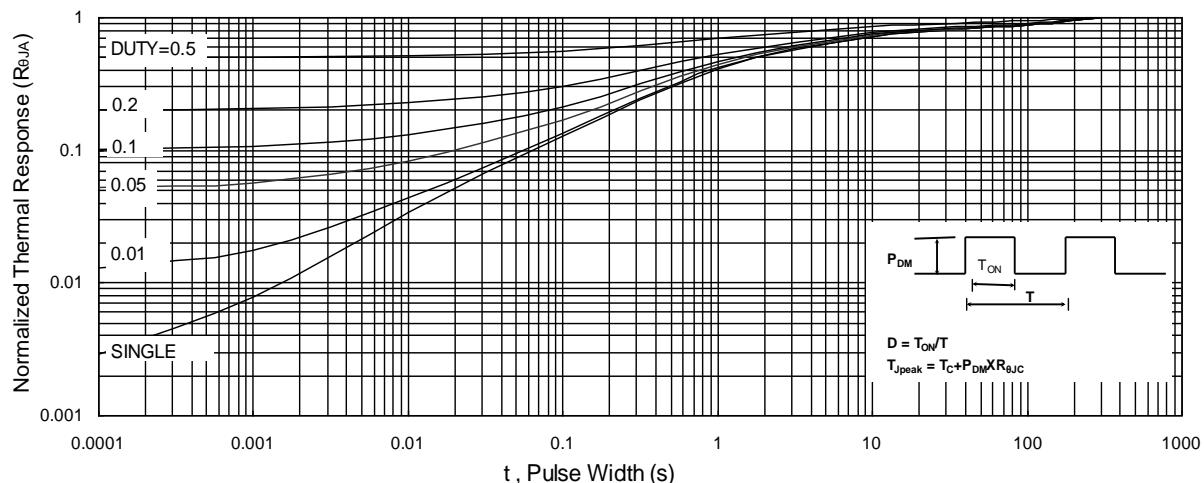


Fig.9 Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

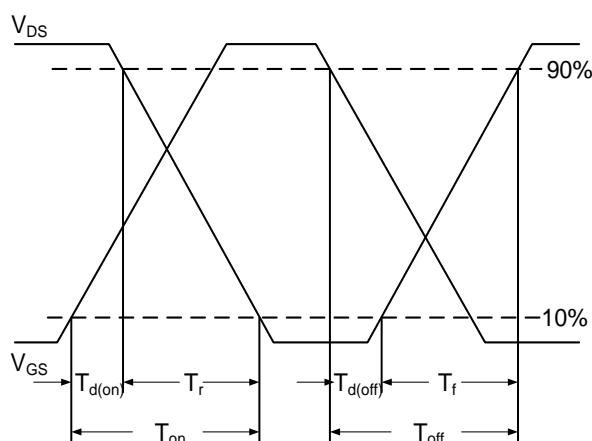


Fig.10 Switching Time Waveform

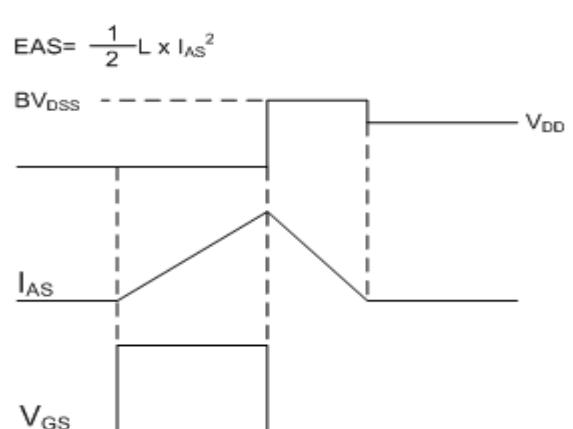


Fig.11 Unclamped Inductive Switching